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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRF 6-68

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

 Date issued
 10.01.2023

 Revision date
 17.02.2023

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PRF 6-68

Article no. PE66822,PE66852

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance / mixture Cleaning agent PC-CLN-OTH Other cleaning, care and maintenance products (excludes biocidal products)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name Taerosol Oy Postal address Hampuntie 21 Postcode 36220 City Kangasala Country Finland Telephone number +358 33565600 Website www.taerosol.com Enterprise No. 02847686

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Telephone number: 112 / Finnish Poison Information Center: 0800 147 111, 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Aero Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
[CLP / GHS] Skir

Aerosol 1; H222,H229

Skin Irrit. 2; H315

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	Eye Irrit. 2; H319
	STOT SE 3; H336
	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411
Substance / mixture hazardous properties	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Additional information on classification	For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







Composition on the label

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light, Propan-2-ol

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C / 122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB	See section 12.5
Health effect	See section 11.2

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Substance	Identification	Classification	Contents	Notes
Naphtha (petroleum) , hydrotreated, light	CAS No.: 64742-49-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336	< 55 %	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411		
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	< 30 %	

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REACH Reg. No.: STOT SE 3; H336

01-2119457558-25-XXXX

Substance comments Aerosol propellants: Propane Butane Isobutane

Contains: aliphatic hydrocarbons ≥ 30 %

For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General symptoms and effects

Skin irritation Eye irritation Drowsiness Dizziness Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Improper extinguishing media	Water spray

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide (CO)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protective equipment	In accordance with the requirements of EN 469, firefighter's clothing with a helmet, protective boots and gloves provides a basic level of protection against chemical accidents. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. See section 8.2
Fire fighting procedures	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2 Eliminate all ignition sources

if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate

area.

For emergency responders

Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary measures

Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Avoid release

to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Pay attention to the spreading

of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the

wind.

Clean up Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Non-sparking tools should be used.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions See section 7, 8, 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Wear eye protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Remove all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C /122 °F. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

None known.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Substance Naphtha (petroleum) , hydrotreated, light	Identification CAS No.: 64742-49-0	Exposure limits Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h): 100 mg/m³ Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020)	TWA Year
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0	Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h): 200 ppm Limit value (8 h): 500 mg/ m³ Limit value (short term) Value: 250 ppm Limit value (short term) Value: 620 mg/m³ Limit value (short term) Appraisal period: 15 min Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020)	

8.2. Exposure controls

Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Appropriate engineering controls	See section 7.1.7.2
Appropriate engineering controls	See Section 7.1, 7.2

Eye / face protection

Eye protection equipment	Description: Tightly fitting safety goggles Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
	Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 4007:2018
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-1:2022
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-1:2020
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-3:2022
	SFS-EN ISO 16321-2:2021
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-3:2020
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-2:2020
	SFS-EN ISO 18526-4:2020

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SFS-EN ISO 19734:2021 SFS-EN 13911:2017 SFS-EN 16473 SFS-EN 167 SFS-EN 168 SFS-EN 443

Hand protection

Breakthrough time Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Thickness of glove material Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use. Hand protection equipment Description: Protective gloves Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 374-1:2017 SFS-EN ISO 374-5:2017 **SFS-EN 511** SFS-EN 659 + A1 SFS-EN 1082-1 SFS-EN 1082-2 SFS-EN 1082-3 SFS-EN 14325:2018 SFS-EN 16350

Skin protection

Recommended protective clothing	Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible. Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN 863 SFS-EN 1149-2 SFS-EN 1149-3 SFS-EN 16689:2017 SFS-EN 160 6530 CEN ISO/TR 11610 SFS-EN ISO 11612 SFS-EN ISO 13982-1 SFS-EN ISO 13982-1 SFS-EN ISO 13995 SFS-EN ISO 13997
	SFS-EN ISO 13997 SFS-EN ISO 14116

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SFS-EN 15090 CEN ISO/TR 18690

Respiratory protection

Recommended respiratory protection

Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Use respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020

SFS-EN 13274-1

SFS-EN 148-1:2019

SFS-EN 144-1:2018

SFS-EN 14593-1:2018

SFS-EN 1146

SFS-EN 12021

SFS-EN 12083 + AC

SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 13274-2:2019

SFS-EN 13274-4:2020

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-6

SFS-EN 13274-3

SFS-EN 13274-8

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-7:2019

SFS-EN 134

SFS-EN 135

SFS-EN 136 + AC

SFS-EN 137

SFS-EN 13794

SFS-EN 138

SFS-EN 140 + AC

SFS-EN 142

SFS-EN 143:2021

SFS-EN 14387:2021

SFS-EN 144-3 + AC

SFS-EN 144-2:2018

SFS-EN 14435

SFS-EN 145/A1

SFS-EN 145

SFS-EN 14529

SFS-EN 14594:2018

SFS-EN 148-2

SFS-EN 148-3

SFS-EN 149 + A1

SFS-EN 15333-2

SFS-EN 1825-2

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SFS-EN 1827 + A1 SFS-EN 250 SFS-EN 269 SFS-EN 402 SFS-EN 403 SFS-EN 404 SFS-EN 405 + A1 SFS-EN 529

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls See section 6.2

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	Aerosol dispenser: spray aerosol
Colour	clear
Odour	hydrocarbon-like
Odour limit	Reason for waiving data: No data.
рН	Comments: This information is not available.
Melting point / melting range	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Boiling point / boiling range	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Flash point	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Flammability	Not applicable.
Lower explosion limit with unit of measurement	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Upper explosion limit with units of measurement	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Vapour pressure	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Vapour density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Particle characteristics	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Relative density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Density	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Solubility	Comments: This information is not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Reason for waiving data: No data.
Auto-ignition temperature	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Viscosity	Type: Kinematic

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Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties

This information is not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See section 5.2

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section 5.2

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

See section 7.1, 7.2

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

See section 7.1, 7.2

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

See section 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Substance Propan-2-ol

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50
Route of exposure: Oral

Value: > 2000 mg/kg
Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal Value: > 2000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rabbit

Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Duration: 8 hour(s) **Value:** > 20 mg/l

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Animal test species: Rat

Other information regarding health hazards

Assessment of acute toxicity, classification

Assessment of skin corrosion / irritation, classification

Assessment of eye damage or

Causes serious eye irritation.

Assessment of respiratory

Assessment of respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

sensitisation, classification

Assessment of skin sensitisation, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. classification

Assessment of germ cell

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

mutagenicity, classification

Assessment of carcinogenicity, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. classification

Assessment of reproductive Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. toxicity, classification

Assessment of specific target May cause drowsiness or dizziness. organ toxicity - single exposure,

Assessment of specific target Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment of aspiration hazard, Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Symptoms of exposure

organ toxicity - repeated exposure,

classification

classification

classification

In case of ingestion

See section 4.2

In case of skin contact

See section 4.2

In case of inhalation

See section 4.2

In case of eye contact

See section 4.2

11.2 Other information

Endocrine disruption This information is not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Substance

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light

Toxicity type: Acute
Value: 13,4 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: LL50

Test duration: 96 hour(s)

Method: OSAR

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Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 2,99 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: NOELR

Test duration: 28 day(s)
Species: Early-life Stage

Method: QSAR

Substance Propan-2-ol

Aquatic toxicity, fish

Toxicity type: Acute

Value: 6550 - 11300 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: LC50

Test duration: 96 hour(s)

Substance Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light

Aquatic toxicity, algae

Toxicity type: Acute
Value: 9,9 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 72 hour(s)

Method: QSAR

Substance Propan-2-ol

Aquatic toxicity, algae

Toxicity type: Acute
Value: > 1000 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 72 hour(s)

Substance Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean **Toxicity type:** Acute

Value: 23,4 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EL50 **Test duration:** 48 hour(s)

Method: QSAR

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 5,2 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: NOELR

Test duration: 21 day(s)

Method: QSAR

Substance Propan-2-ol

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean Toxicity type: Acute

Value: ~ 9700 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 24 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light

Biodegradability Method: OECD 301F

Comments: Rapidly biodegradable.

Substance Propan-2-ol

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Biodegradability	Comments: Readily biodegradable
Substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated, light
Abiotic degradation in air	Evaluation: May decompose on exposure to light.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation, evaluation This information is not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substance Propan-2-ol

Water / air volatility rate Comments: Volatile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB	This information is not available.
assessment	

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties This information is not available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information This information is not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate methods of disposal for the chemical	Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal. Avoid putting the substance into waste water.
Appropriate methods of disposal for the contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
EU Regulations	Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste and repealing certain Directives

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
ICAO/IATA	1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name English ADR/RID/ADN	AEROSOLS
ADR/RID/ADN	AEROSOLS

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IMDG	AEROSOLS
ICAO/IATA	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Classificaton code ADR/RID/ADN	5F

14.4. Packing group

Comments -

14.5. Environmental hazards

Comments

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special safety precautions for user
This information is not available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Additional information

Hazard label ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Hazard label IMDG	2.1
Hazard label ICAO/IATA	2.1

ADR/RID Other information

Tunnel restriction code	D
Limited quantity	1L
Excepted quantity	E0
Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Transport category	2

ADN Other information

Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity	1 L
Excepted quantity	E0

IMDG Other information

EmS	F-D, S-U
Limited quantity	1000 mL
Excepted quantity	E0

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Special provisions	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
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ICAO/IATA Other information

Limited quantity

Excepted quantity

E0

Special provisions

Additional information ICAO/IATA

Cargo: max. 150 kg (203), Pas.: max. 75 kg (203)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Legislation and regulations Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member

States relating to aerosol dispensers Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on detergents The rules which cover amongst other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National

Occupational Health and Safety Board.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment	No
performed	

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
CLP classification, notes	Calculation method. Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Training advice	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. Take notice of the directions of use on the label. To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Key literature references and sources for data	Information taken from reference works and the literature. http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu http://echa-term.echa.europa.eu Ingredient Safety Data Sheets
Abbreviations and acronyms used	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging DMEL = derived minimal effect level DNEL = derived no-effect level

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EC50 = The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response. ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances EEA = European Economic Area EU = European Union EC number = The three European lists of substances from the previous EU chemicals regulatory framework, EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list, in combination are called the EC Inventory. The EC Inventory is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the European Union. GHS = Global Harmonised System SDS = safety data sheet LC50 = median lethal concentration LDx = lethal dose x% LOAEC = lowest observed adverse effect concentration LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effect level LOEC = lowest observed effect concentration LOEL = lowest observed effect level NOAEC = no observed adverse effect concentration NOAEL = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed effect concentration NOEL = no observed effect level PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC = predicted no-effect concentration ppm = parts per million QSAR = quantitative structure-activity relationship REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals STOT = specific target organ toxicity UFI = unique formula identifier vPvB = very persistent and very bioaccumulative Information added, deleted or Relevant changes compared to the previous version of the safety data sheet are revised indicated with verticle lines in the left margin. Version 2